COMMON TYPES OF EXAMS

Exam Type	Description	Pros of Use	Cons of Use
Multiple-choice/ short answer/true- false/matching exams	Students are asked to select one response to a question from a set of alternatives. Short answer questions require that students provide a brief response to a question. Typically used as a way to demonstrate knowledge of critical content.	 Easy to grade Students can complete in a short amount of time Allows for item analysis Can be objectively graded Easy to create multiple versions of a test when using this type High reliability 	 Are time consuming to create. Statistically, students have a higher possibility of getting an answer correct without knowing the content Answer options can be misleading if not worded correctly Students think they are easier than other test types
Essay tests	Students are asked to provide a lengthy response to a question. Often, they are expected to explain complex concepts from a chapter or unit.	 Are generally easy to create Allows for open student expression More flexibility in grading Requires use of highorder critical thinking skills (e.g., higher levels of Bloom's Taxonomy such as evaluation or analysis) Can also assess writing skills in the discipline 	 Are time consuming to grade Can be challenging for students who are not proficient in the language of the exam Are more subjective in nature as it pertains to grading Only covers specific learning outcomes; limited in terms of what it assesses Can be lacking in reliability
Performance exams	Students are asked to demonstrate proficiency in a specific skill. This is typical in medical or STEM fields.	 Are specific to the discipline and target particular skills Can be easy and quick to grade (this depends on the exam) Students have a better chance of getting feedback faster Often assessed by multiple instructors, so more reliable than essay exams Valid means of assessing a student's development in a skill over time 	 Are only relevant in certain disciplines Can produce more anxiety in students Can have problems in interrater reliability More subjective in nature Can exclude some student groups (e.g., students with disabilities)